

Document information

Information	Content
Keywords	MIFARE SAM AV3, evaluation board, Direct Mode (X-mode), Satellite Mode (S-mode), I ² C, SPI, ISO/IEC 7816, CLRC663 family, MCU, Arduino
Abstract	This manual shows how to operate the MIFARE SAM AV3 Evaluation board

Revision history

Rev	Date	Description
1.0	2022-01-19	Initial version
1.1	2022-18-11	Minor wording updates

1 Introduction

The MIFARE SAM AV3 Arduino shield shaped evaluation board is designed to help evaluate the features and of the MIFARE SAM AV3 IC in combination with any MCU and to quickly and easy development secure contactless tag applications. The evaluation board therefore incorporates a 13.56 MHz NFC frontend IC of the CLRC663 plus family and an embedded inductive loop antenna..

Scope

The scope of this document is to give an overview of available interfacing options and usage possibilities of the MIFARE SAM AV3 evaluation board.

Abbreviations

Table 1. Abbreviations

I ² C	Inter-Integrated Circuit
MCU	Microcontroller Unit
NFC	Near Field Communication
PCB	Printed-Circuit Board
SAM	Secure Access Module
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
USB	Universal Serial Bus
ISO7816	international standard related to electronic identification cards with contact interface

2 Compliance Statements

FCC Compliance Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

CAUTION: The grantee is not responsible for any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Canadian Compliance Statement

This device contains license-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada license-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause interference.

(2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;

2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

CE Declaration of Conformity

The technical documentation required to demonstrate that the products meet the requirements of the relevant directives has been compiled and is available for inspection by the relevant enforcement authorities.

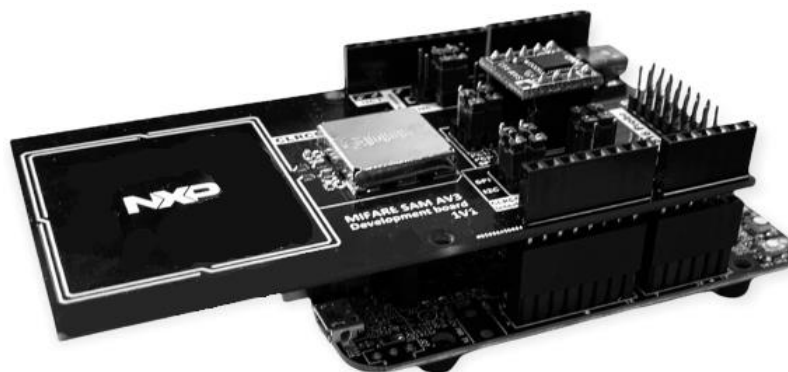
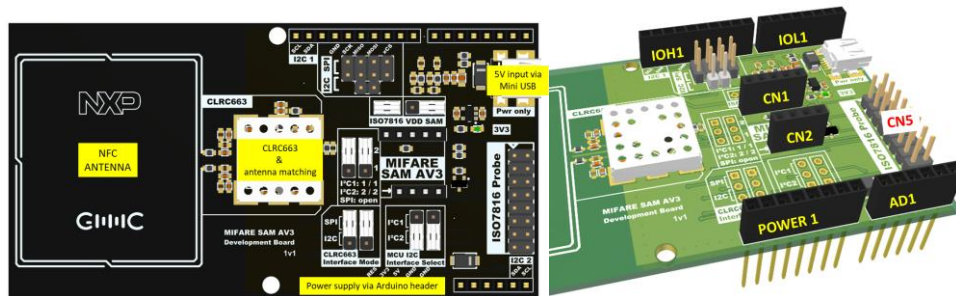
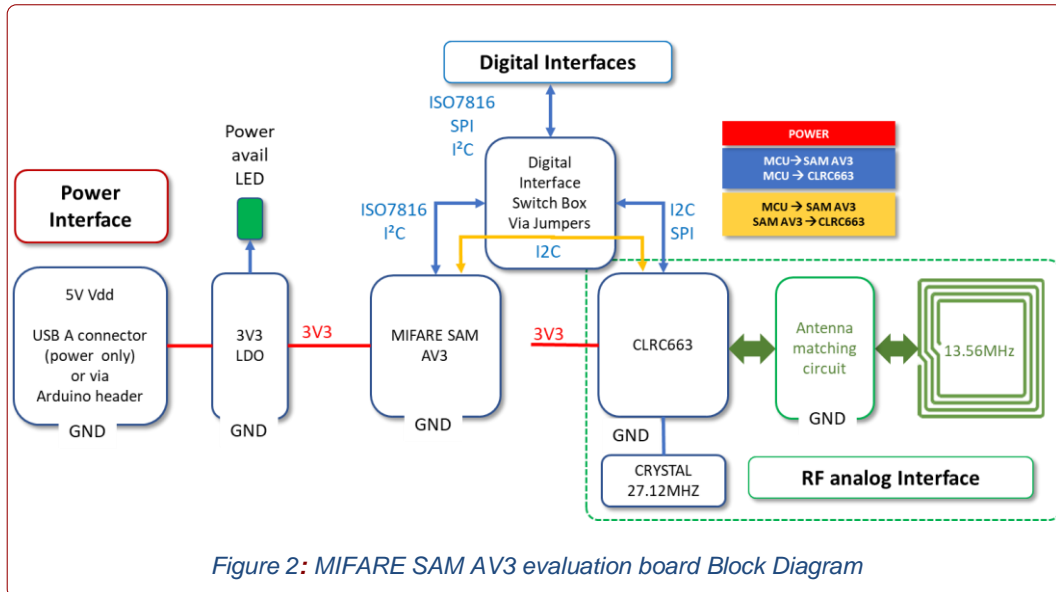
Label location and information

The necessary compliance information label can be found at the bottom of the PCB. There are two possible options. Silk screen and label or silk screen only.



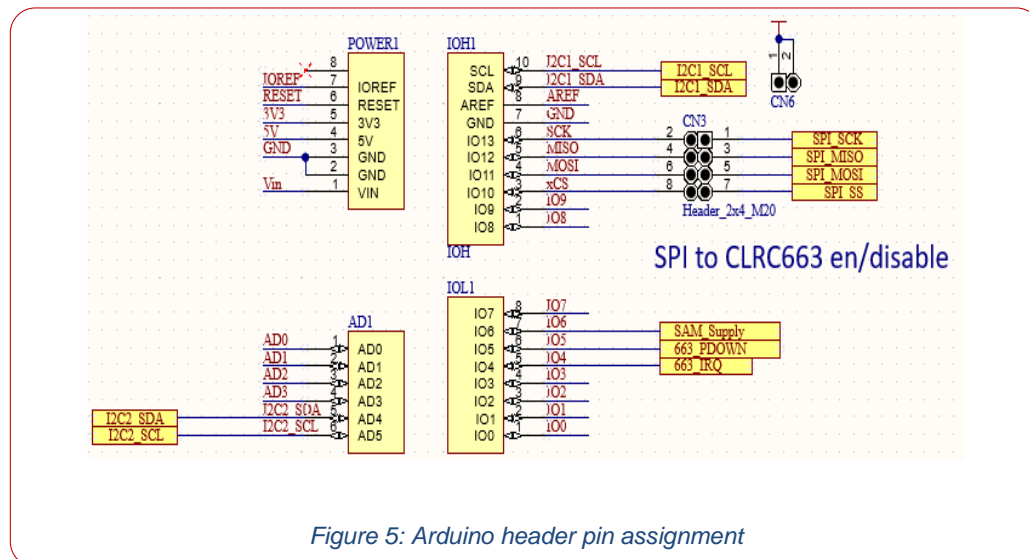
Figure 1 Label location

3 Block Diagram



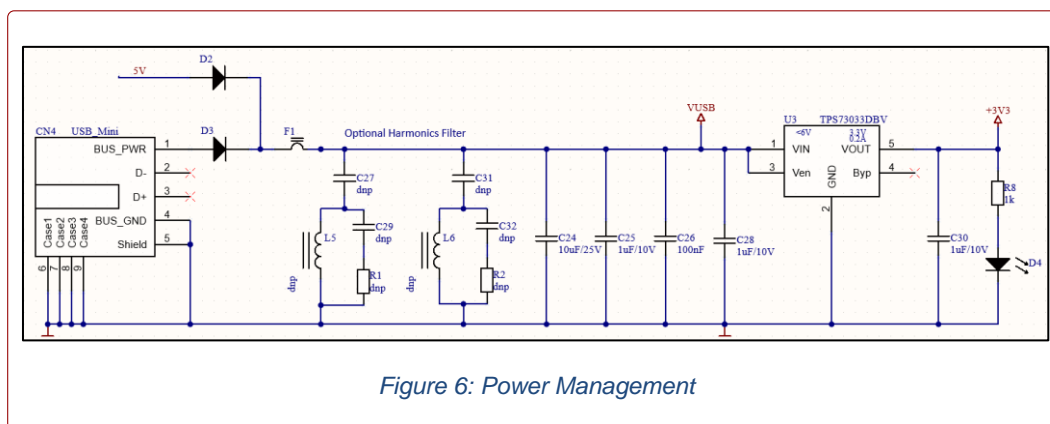
Arduino® R3 header

The MIFARE SAM AV3 evaluation board is equipped with a Arduino® R3 compatible header. The evaluation board can be fully powered with the 5 V line from this header. 3V3 is directly generated on board out of this 5 V line. The header also uses the SPI interface, which can be connected to the CLRC663 host interface for direct communication. For SAM communication, the user can choose between 2 I²C interfaces: The default one on IOH1 (called I²C1), as well as an alternative pinning on AD1 (called I²C2). IO4 and IO5 are used for the CLRC663 PDOWN and IRQ, and IO6 can be jumpered to provide the MIFARE SAM AV3 VDD.



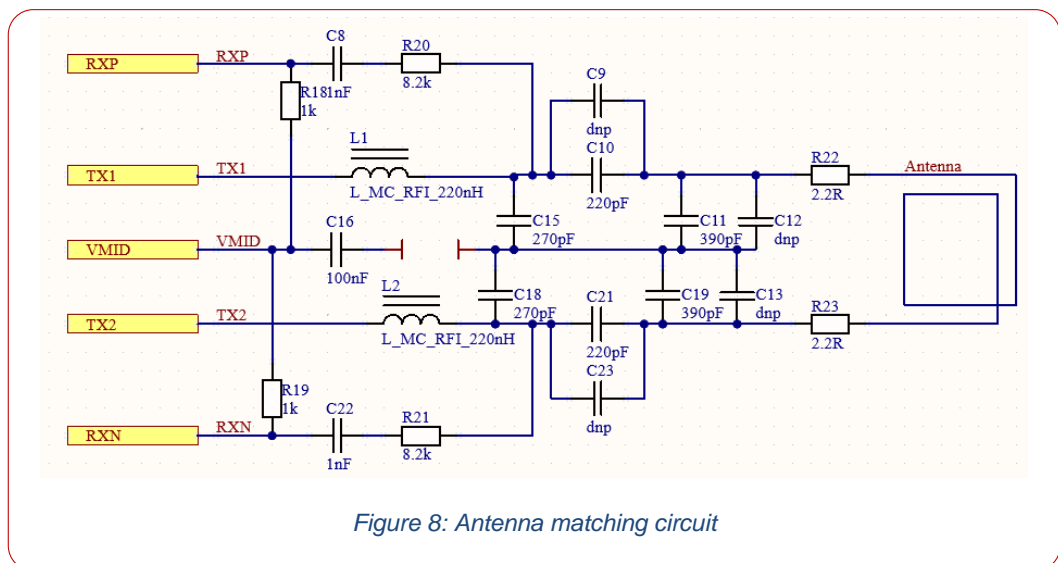
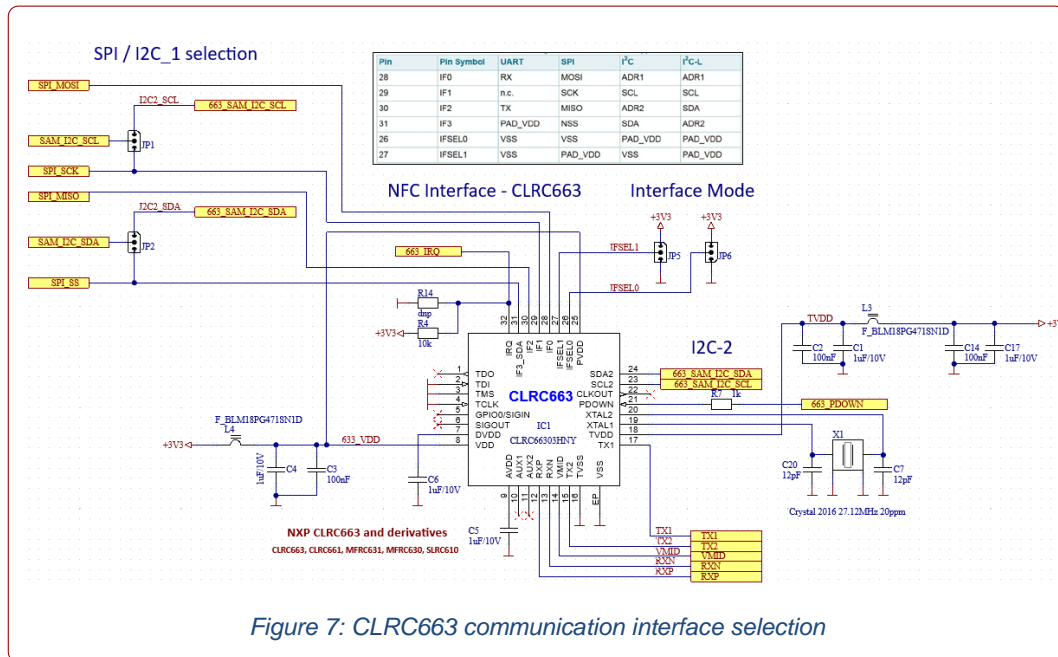
4 Schematics

Power management



The MIFARE SAM AV3 evaluation board is equipped with a mini-USB connector to power the system. The port is used only to provide for power only. The entire board can be powered by either the USB port or the 5 V line on the Arduino header. The power LED signalizes 3.3V power availability.

CLRC663



The MIFARE SAM AV3 evaluation board also has a CLRC663 contactless frontend incorporated on the PCB. The digital communication interface (SPI, and I2C) from MCU to the CLRC663 can be selected via jumpers. The SPI-Interface is directly connected to the Arduino® header, the I2C interfaces are meant to be used by the MIFARE SAM AV3 for its X-mode. Jumper setting details can be found in the section jumper settings in this document

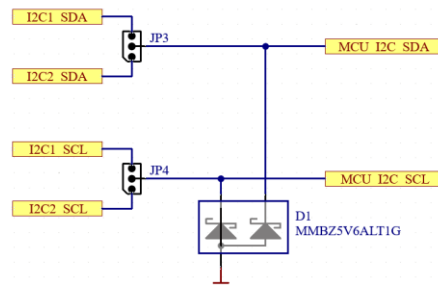


Figure 9: I2C Interface selection with protection

5 MIFARE SAM AV3 – Add-on Board

Add-on board

The MIFARE SAM AV3 itself is placed on an add-on board, to be able to easily exchange the MIFARE SAM AV3 in case it has been misconfigured. The pullups for the MCU_I2C_xxx interface, as well as the voltage level divider are placed on the add-on board.

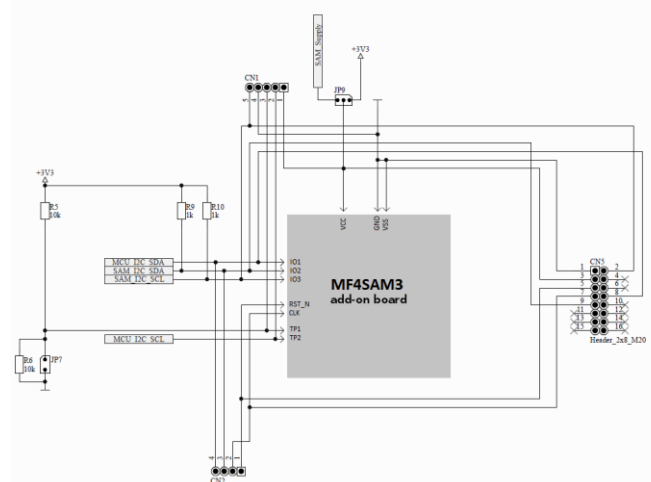


Figure 10: MIFARE SAM AV3 Add-on board

The MIFARE SAM AV3 can be accessed by either its I2C_Slave (MCU_I2C_xxx) interface from the host MCU, or the ISO7816 interface via CN5. This header is pin compatible to the GMMC ISO7816 to SIM SAM Smart Card adapter.

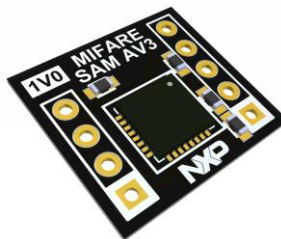


Figure 11: related product MIFARE SAM AV3 Add-on board

6 MIFARE SAM Evaluation Board - Jumper Setting

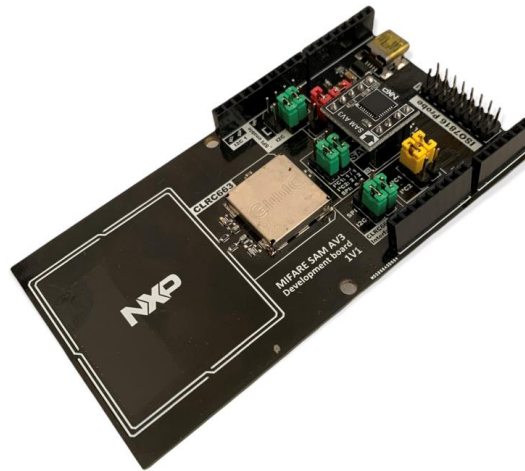


Figure 12: MIFARE SAM AV3 Jumper options

The MIFARE SAM AV3 evaluation board comes with 3 different colors of Jumpers:

- **GREEN:** Configuration of RC663 interfaces
- **YELLOW:** MCU board I²C interface selection
- **RED:** MIFARE SAM AV3 configuration

CLRC663 Interface Mode

The CLRC663 NFC reader frontend IC offers a Host and a SAM interface.

The HOST communication interface can be configured to SPI or I²C by configuring the CLRC663 IFSEL 0/1 pins via jumper settings as shown in below.

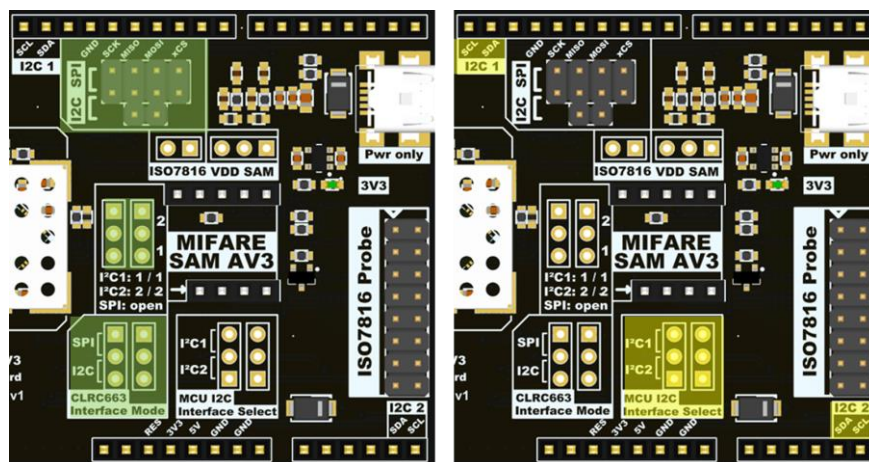


Figure 13: Jumper locations for Host interface selection

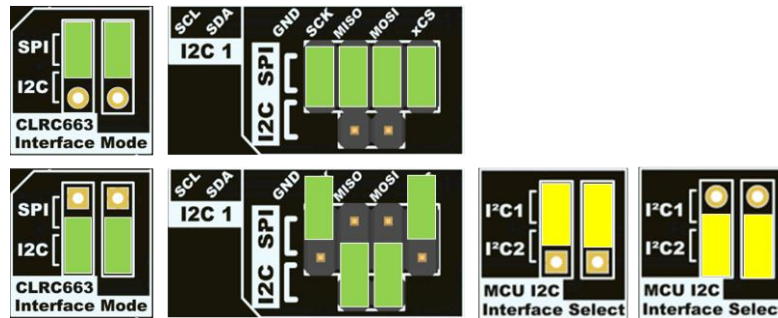


Figure 14: Jumper settings SPI or I2C Host interface mode

SPI

For SPI communication between MCU and CLRC663 the 4 jumpers on the 10 pin header need to be positioned as shown. This setting is intended to use the MIFARE SAM AV3 in S-mode, or in an S/X mixed mode. At this point, the MCU can already control the CLRC663 via SPI.

6.1.1 I2C

In case I2C is selected, the CLRC663 will be controlled by the MIFARE SAM AV3 in X- mode. The 4 jumpers need to be inserted in the 10 pin header as shown, these correspond to the ADR0 and ADR1 pins on the CLRC663 host interface in I2C configuration.

Now the host interface of the CLRC663 is configured as I2C and both ADR pins are pulled to low. The MIFARE SAM AV3 Master I2C interface (SAM_I2C_xxx) can be routed to the host interface of the CLRC663. This is done with JP1 and JP2.

6.1.2 CLRC663 SAM I2C Interface

The CLRC663 SAM interface is a dedicated second interface for MIFARE SAM X-mode operation. As this interface is switched off per default, the I2C signal from the MIFARE SAM AV3 needs to be set routed to interface 2 on JP1 and JP2.

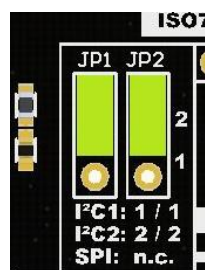


Figure 15: Selection of CLRC663 SAM interface

If this interface is already activated by setting the corresponding bits in the HostCtl register of the CLRC663, the above setting is sufficient to communicate between CLRC663 and the MIFARE SAM AV3. If not, then an additional SPI connection for the MCU to the CLRC663 is needed, to activate the SAM interface.

MCU Interface Selection

The connection between the MIFARE SAM AV3 and the MCU is done by either of the 2 supported I²C interface locations on the Arduino® R3 header. The selection is done by JP3 and JP4, which are placed on the corresponding pins.

MIFARE SAM AV3 host interface and VDD selection

The MIFARE SAM AV3 evaluation board offers two options to interface with the MIFARE SAM AV3: I²C and ISO7816. I²C was explained earlier in this document. For ISO7816 communication to supply and configure VDD of the MIFARE SAM AV3.

VDD is selected on JP9, the options are permanent 3V3 or IO6 on the Arduino header. Permanent 3V3 means that the MIFARE SAM AV3 will stay in the state it is, until the whole board is power cycled. The ATR of the SAM only needs to be retrieved once. Using IO6 as VDD gives the user the possibility to only power cycle the MIFARE SAM AV3, therefore having the option of a reset, without resetting the MCU.

In case a user wants to access the MIFARE SAM AV3 via the ISO7816 Smartcard interface, a Jumper needs to be placed on the ISO7816 header as shown and it is important that in this case, the VDD selection jumper needs to be removed (set to inactive position as shown), as the MIFARE SAM AV3 VDD needs to be controlled by the ISO7816 interface.

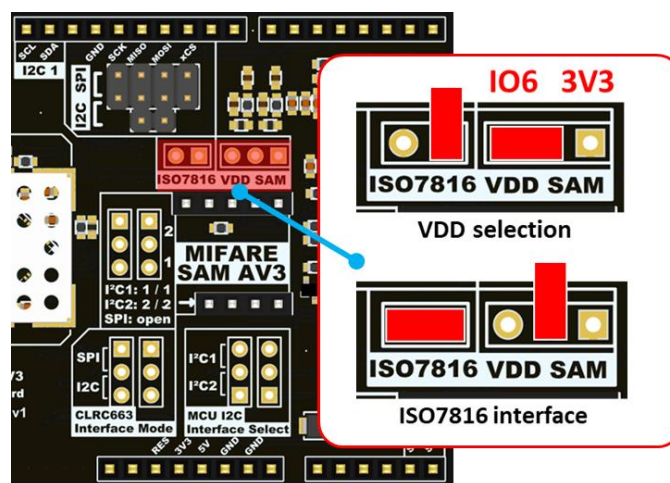


Figure 16: SAM AV3 VDD and ISO7816 selection

7 MIFARE SAM AV3 – required default configuration changes

To ensure backwards compatibility to the SAM AV2 the default configuration is set for the NXP frontend reader PN523 IC for X-mode communication. Along with this, the I²C processing clock speed needs to be adjusted as well as this is set to I²C fast mode (12 MHz processing clock speed) and needs to be reduced for operating the CLRC663.

This needs to be changed using the SAM SetConfig command once. The command looks like the following:

Command: **80 3C 01 00 01 03**

Set Configuration for reader frontend selection

Byte	Value	Meaning
CLA	0x80	Class
INS	0x3C	Instruction: SAM SetConfiguration
P1	0x01	Reader IC configuration
P2	0x00	RFU
Le	0x01	Length of subsequent data field
INF	0x03	X-mode frontend CLRC663

Command: **80 3C 02 00 01 06**

SAM_SetConfiguration for I²C processing clock speed

Byte	Value	Meaning
CLA	0x80	Class
INS	0x3C	Instruction: SAM SetConfiguration
P1	0x02	I ² C processing clock speed
P2	0x00	RFU
Le	0x01	Length of subsequent data field
INF	0x06	I ² C processing clock speed: 6 MHz

This reduces the I²C communication speed on the X-mode interface to ~400 kbit/s.

All details about the MIFARE SAM AV3 configuration and features can be found in the respective NXP documents.

8 Modes of Operation

X-Mode

The easiest way to get started with the MIFARE SAM AV3 evaluation board is to operate the MIFARE SAM AV3 in X-mode. See an example configuration below where the SAM can be accessed via the I²C1 interface from the MCU, and will communicate to the CLRC663 via its host interface, configured as I²C. The SAM VDD in below example is connected to IO6.

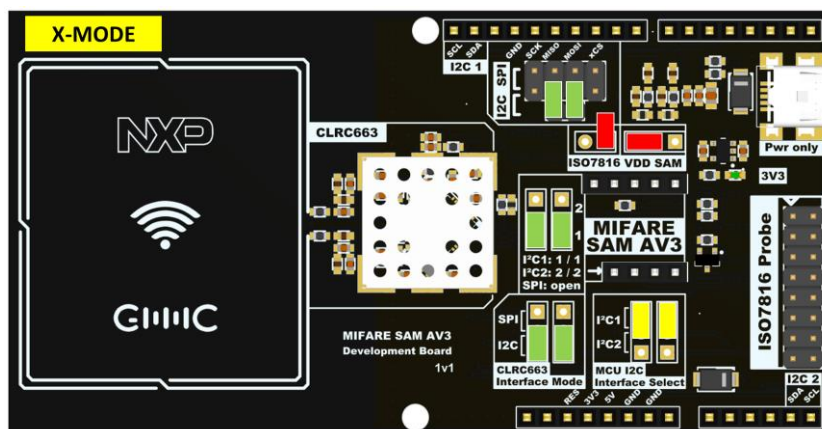


Figure 17: X-mode configuration example

S-Mode

In this S-mode configuration, the MIFARE SAM AV3 is not connected to the CLRC663. The host MCU controls the CLRC663 via the SPI interface, and the MIFARE SAM AV3 via I²C1.

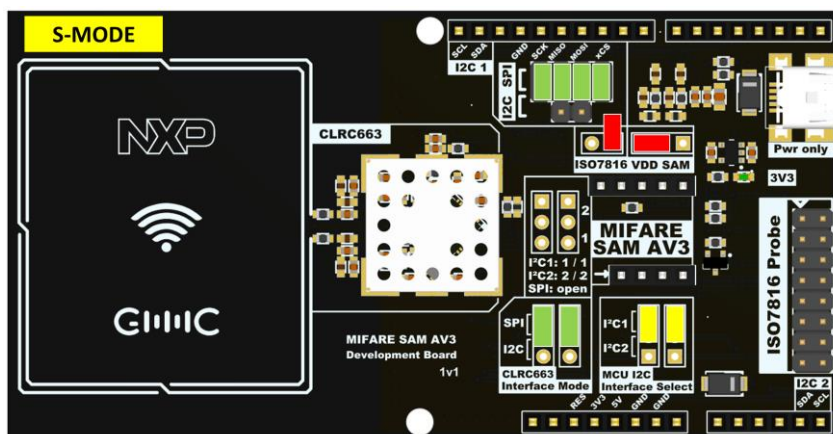


Figure 18: S-mode configuration example

XS - Mode

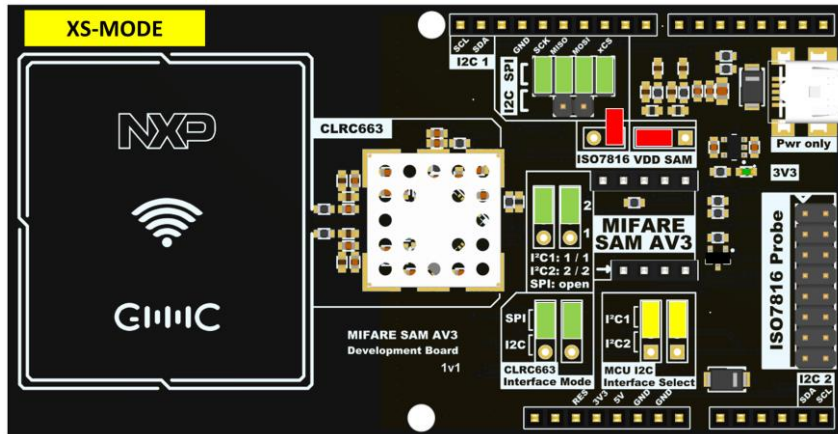


Figure 19: XS-mode configuration

In this configuration, the CLRC663 is connected on its host interface via SPI to the MCU, and on the second interface via I²C to the SAM. The MIFARE SAM AV3 is connected via I²C1 to the MCU. In this way, the MCU can control the CLRC663's LPCD procedure, and if a card is detected, the SAM can be switched on and take over the control over the CLRC663.

ISO7816 Interface

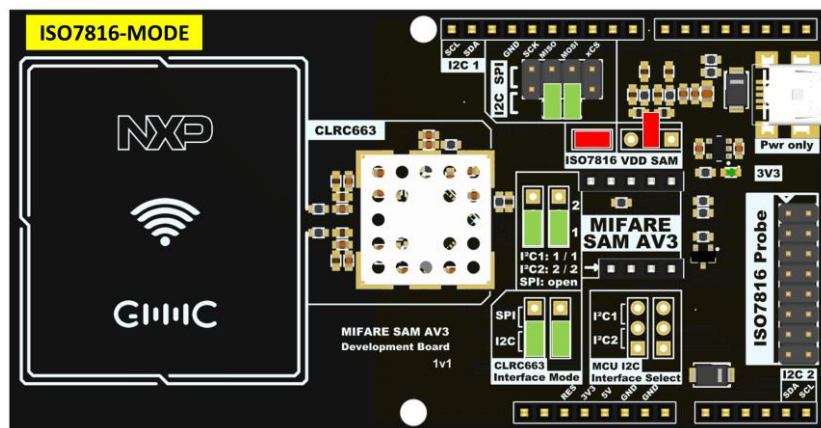


Figure 20: ISO7816 Mode

In this configuration, the MIFARE SAM AV3 is controlled via the ISO7816 Interface which is available on the 16-pin header CN5. The pinning is compatible to the GMMC ISO7816 to SIM SAM Adapter which also can be used stand-alone in case the SIM sized SAM is used.

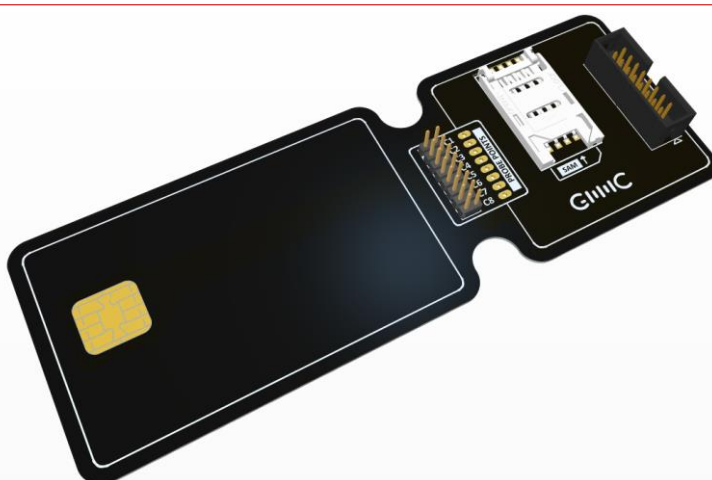


Figure 21: related product
ISO7816 ID1 to SIM-SAM Adapter

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Document References

1. Data sheet – MIFARE SAM AV3, document number DS3235xx via NXP DocStore.
2. Application Notes – please visit NXP.com

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